

## Andor-Revolution Spinning Disk CLSM

<https://search.labfacilities.wur.nl/SearchDetail.aspx?deviceid=8e24771c-58c2-45c3-9fb2-32baffd9e4ff>

### **Brand**

### **Type**

### **Contact**

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### **Organisation**

Plant Sciences

### **Department**

Laboratory of Cell Biology

### **Description**

The Yokogawa Spinning Disk microscopes allow multicolor fluorescence image acquisition at high speed with low light, by using sensitive Electron-Multiplier-CCD cameras. The systems provide ideal imaging conditions for living cells or weak fluorescent signals.

To facilitate the work-flow both systems operate under Metamorph software on a Nikon inverted microscope equipped with auto-focus and automated stage with multipoint memory and piezo-controlled xyz submicron accuracy. Fast dynamics of fluorescent molecules in cells or samples can be monitored for extended time periods and in 3-dimensions. A FRAP-unit allows local subcellular bleaching to study molecular dynamics. A heating/CO<sub>2</sub> unit on stage allows to keep ideal conditions for living animal or human cells.

The specifications of the hardware of the Roper and Andor spinning disk systems are listed in the Technical Details paragraph.

### **Technical Details**

Comparison of main specs of Roper and Andor SD systems  
PartAndor-Revolution SD Roper SDInstall  
date20132009inverted microscopeNikon Ti Eclipse PFS3Nikon Ti Eclipse PFS2diode 405 nm CW100 mW--DPSS 488 nm CW50 mW50 mWDPSS 561 nm CW50 mW50 mWdiode 640 nm CW100 mW (640 nm)100 mW (633 nm)EM-CCD cameraAndor iXon888, 1024x1024, 13x13Photometrics Evolve 512x512, 16x16xyz stagepiezo ASI XY- LE, z-150umpiezo ASIobjectives10-20-60-100 10-20-60-100emission filteron requeston requestshutterRotr shutter wheel 30 msYokogawa shuttertransmitted lightCoolWhite LEDhalogenUVIntensilight c-HGFIEHgFRAPPA--YES5% CO<sub>2</sub> and 37CYES, Tokay Hit--

### **Applications**

Application areas are in structural analysis, protein interactions, signal transduction, life sciences, single molecule detection, biochip development, food processing, biophysical studies and colloid Chemistry.

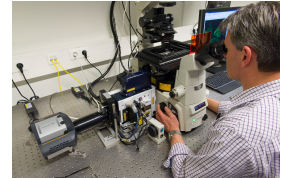
Information obtained by light microscopy

Localisation. Specific staining or fluorescent labels allow temporal and spatial localisation of your (bio)molecule of interest. A range of fluorescent probes can be combined for simultaneous multicolor, multidimensional image acquisition.

Morphology and 3D reconstruction. The shape, 3D volume and interaction of molecules, organelles or tissues can be derived from optical sections from confocal microscopy.

Analysing (sub)micron dynamics. Rapid image acquisition of fluorescent probes allows imaging (relative) dynamics that can be analysed in kymographs. FRAP studies give insight in fluorescent displacements and allow quantification of protein dynamics.

Polarization microscopy. Biopolymers are made out of molecules arranged in a specific order and as a consequence have a birefringent characteristic. Protein crystals, collagen, cell wall polymers, microtubules or actin filament bundles are examples. Crystallographic and polymer orientation information can be obtained.



## ***Complementary Techniques***

Ancillary equipment for sample preparation includes (cryo-)microtomes, micro slicer, needle puller, micro manipulation and microinjection.

## ***Publications***

Applications of spinning disk confocal, Norbert de Ruijter, , [http://www.wageningenur.nl/upload\\_mm/a/5/3/a7971eac-dd1f-490c-be1f-7bc870db288e\\_Spinning%20Disk%20Confocal%20Microscopy%20-%20Norbert%20de%20Ruijter%2013062013.pdf](http://www.wageningenur.nl/upload_mm/a/5/3/a7971eac-dd1f-490c-be1f-7bc870db288e_Spinning%20Disk%20Confocal%20Microscopy%20-%20Norbert%20de%20Ruijter%2013062013.pdf)